

14.1 **APPENDIX 14-2 CULTURAL HERITAGE DESKTOP ASSESSMENT BASELINE DATA**

The following sources were consulted as part of the desktop assessment for the Proposed Development:

14.1.1 **Record of Monuments and Places, Sites and Monuments Record and National Monuments**

A primary cartographic source and base-line data for the assessment was the consultation of the Sites and Monuments Record (SMR) and Record of Monuments and Places (RMP) for Counties Cork and Waterford. All known recorded archaeological monuments are indicated on 6-inch Ordnance Survey (OS) maps and are listed in these records. The SMR/RMP is not a complete record of all monuments as newly discovered sites may not appear in the list or accompanying maps. In conjunction with the consultation of the SMR and RMP the electronic database of recorded monuments and SMRs which may be accessed at www.webgis.archaeology.ie/historicenvironment.

A review of all National Monuments in State Care and those subject to Preservation Orders was undertaken as part of the assessment in order to ascertain any potential impacts on their setting as a result of the Proposed Development.

14.1.2 **Cartographic Sources and Aerial Photography**

The 1st (1840s) and 2nd (1900s) edition OS maps for the area were consulted, where available, as was OSI aerial photography.

14.1.3 **Topographical Files - National Museum of Ireland**

Details relating to finds of archaeological material and monuments in numerous townlands in the country are contained in the topographical files held in the National Museum of Ireland. In order to establish if any new or previously unrecorded finds had been recovered from the study area these files were consulted for every townland within and adjacent to the same. Heritage Maps contain locational detail for Museum finds.

14.1.4 **Archaeological Inventory Series**

Further information on archaeological sites may be obtained in the published County Archaeological Inventory series prepared by the Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht. The archaeological inventories present summarised information on sites listed in the SMR/RMP and include detail such as the size and location of particular monuments as well as any associated folklore or local information pertaining to each site. The inventories, however, do not account for all sites or items of cultural heritage interest which are undiscovered at the time of their publication. Many sites have been discovered since the publication of the Inventory Series which have now been added to the Sites and Monuments Record.

14.1.5 **Record of Protected Structures**

The Record of Protected Structures for Counties Cork and Waterford was consulted for the schedule of buildings and items of cultural, historical or archaeological interest which may be affected by the Proposed Development. The development plan also outlines policies and objectives relating to the protection of the archaeological, historical and architectural heritage landscape of Cork. The digital dataset for Protected Structures was downloaded from ArcGIS online and added to the project GIS mapping used for the creation of figures in this chapter.

14.1.6 Excavations Database

The Excavations Database is an annual account of all excavations carried out under license. The database is available online at www.excavations.ie and includes excavations from 1985 to 2019. This database was consulted as part of the desktop research for this assessment to establish if any archaeological excavations had been carried out within or near to the Proposed Development area.

14.1.7 National Inventory of Architectural Heritage (NIAH)

This source lists some of the architecturally significant buildings and items of cultural heritage and is compiled on a county by county basis by the Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht. The NIAH database was consulted for all townlands within and adjacent to the study area. The NIAH survey for Cork and Waterford has been published and the digital dataset was downloaded on to the base mapping for the Proposed Development (www.buildingsofireland.ie). The National Inventory of Architectural Heritage (NIAH) is a state initiative under the administration of the Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht and established on a statutory basis under the provisions of the Architectural Heritage (National Inventory) and Historic Monuments (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1999.

The purpose of the NIAH is to identify, record, and evaluate the post-1700 architectural heritage of Ireland, uniformly and consistently as an aid in the protection and conservation of the built heritage. NIAH surveys provide the basis for the recommendations of the Minister for Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht to the planning authorities for the inclusion of particular structures in their Record of Protected Structures (RPS). The published surveys are a source of information on the selected structures for relevant planning authorities. They are also a research and educational resource. It is hoped that the work of the NIAH will increase public awareness and appreciation of Ireland's architectural heritage.